

Application No.: 10/540,362  
Amendment dated: March 12, 2008  
Reply to Office Action of January 15, 2008  
Attorney Docket No.: 0065.0001US1

03/18/2008

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in this application:

### **Listing of Claims**

1. (Original) A method for extracting a nonferrous, rare or precious metal from an ore, comprising  
treating the ore with an oxygen-containing oxidant in the presence of a solvent and a reducing agent that has donor-acceptor properties, whereby the oxygen-containing oxidant and the reducing agent react to generate reaction products that oxidize or form complexes with said metal, thereby extracting said metal from the ore.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the ore includes robust minerals.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the ore includes a carbonaceous component.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the ore includes more than one nonferrous, rare or precious metals.
5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the metal is selected from the group consisting of gold, silver, platinum, palladium, copper, cobalt and nickel.
6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the solvent is acidic.
7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the solvent is a hydrochloric acid solution.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the oxygen-containing oxidant is selected from the group consisting of: persulfate, hypochlorite, perchlorate, iodate, bromate and any combination thereof.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the reducing agent is selected from the groups consisting of: nitrite, sulfite, thiosulfite and any combination thereof.

10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the reaction products include radicals.

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the reactions products are capable of oxidizing more than one metal, said more than one metal being selected from the group consisting of nonferrous, rare and precious metal.

12. (Currently Amended) A method for recovering nonferrous, rare or precious metals, comprising:

a. combining in a solution an oxygen-containing oxidant and a donor-acceptor reducing agent to form additional oxidizing agents; the oxygen-containing oxidant and said additional oxidizing agents reacting with a nonferrous, rare or precious metal in an ore, to transfer said metal to the solution.

b. ~~treating an ore that includes nonferrous, rare or precious metals with the oxygen-containing oxidant and the additional oxidizing agents, whereby the nonferrous, rare or precious metals are transferred to the solution.~~

13. (Original) A method for a liquid phase recovery of a nonferrous, rare or precious metal from an ore, the method comprising treating an ore that includes nonferrous, rare or precious metals with an oxygen-containing oxidant, and with oxidizing agents formed by reactions between the oxygen-containing oxidant and a donor-acceptor reducing agent, to form metal compounds that dissolve in the liquid phase, thereby extracting the nonferrous, rare or precious metal from the ore.

14. (Original) A method for recovering nonferrous, rare or precious metals from an ore, the method comprising:

a. combining the ore with an oxygen-containing oxidant in the presence of a solvent;

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- b. reacting at least a portion of the oxygen-containing oxidant with a donor-acceptor reducing agent to form radicals and reducing agent oxidation products; and
- c. reacting said radicals and reducing agent oxidation products with nonferrous, rare or precious metals in the ore, to form soluble metal compounds, thereby recovering the nonferrous, rare or precious metals from the ore.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the ore includes robust minerals.
16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the ore includes a carbonaceous component.
17. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the nonferrous, rare or precious metals are selected from the group consisting of gold, silver, platinum, palladium, copper, cobalt and nickel.
18. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the solvent is acidic.
19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the solvent is a hydrochloric acid solution.
20. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the oxygen-containing oxidant is selected from the group consisting of: persulfate, hypochlorite, perchlorate, iodate, bromate and any combination thereof.
21. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the reducing agent is selected from the group consisting of: nitrite, sulfite, thiosulfite and any combination thereof.